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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/042,262	01/11/2002	Jun Kamada	826.1783	6257
21171 STAAS & HA	7590 07/10/2008 LSEY LLP		EXAMINER	
SUITE 700			AUGUSTIN, EVENS J	
1201 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20005			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3621	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/042,262	KAMADA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	EVENS J. AUGUSTIN	3621				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication or If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 A</u>	oril 2008.					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ This	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-22 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-22 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Di 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	nte				

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DETAILED ACTION

Acknowledgement

1. This is in response to the amendment filed on 09 April 2008. Claims 1-22 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

- Claims 1-22are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ginter et al. (U.S. 6427140) ("Ginter"), in view of Bennett (U.S. 5579520).
- 1. As per claims 1-22, Ginter discloses a invention that relates to computer-based and other electronic appliance-based technologies that help to ensure that information is accessed and/or otherwise used only in authorized ways, and maintains the integrity, availability, and/or confidentiality of such information and processes related to such use computer system that relates to development architecture frameworks, and more particularly to managing an environment of a development framework. The invention comprises of the following:
 - A. An environment for electronic information owners, distributors, and users; financial clearinghouses; and usage information analyzers and resellers (column 3, lines 45-48)

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B. Multiprocessing system with multiprocessors (column 73, lines 38-40), in which content/software/program/code is encrypted through the components of the multiprocessor system (column 72, lines 31-67, column 73, lines 24-33)

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C. ("a secure memory storing an encrypted code of a secure task and verifying information for verification of validity of the encrypted code") ("a secure processor executing the encrypted code when the validity of the encrypted code is verified according to the verifying information") ("a normal memory storing a code of unsecured: a normal processor executing the code of the unsecured task") -- Ginter teaches Memory Management Unit that provides hardware support for memory management and virtual memory management functions. It may also provide heightened security by enforcing hardware compartmentalization/allocation of the secure execution space (e.g., to prevent a less trusted task from modifying a more trusted task) (col. 69, lines 10-15). Basically, Ginter compartmentalizes/separates the execution of secured/trusted/encrypted from the less trusted/unsecured/unencrypted/unsecured tasks. Additionally, Ginter et al. teach the aspect of allocating task or task manager (column 83, line 36, and column 88, lines 51-67). The prior art by Ginter has self-contained computing and processing environments that may include their own operating system kernel including code and data processing resources (column 79, lines 34-37). A kernel manages the basic hardware resources of electronic appliance, and controls the basic tasking provided by the operating system (col. 88, lines 51-53). It also manages allocation, deallocation, sharing and/or use of memory (col. 88, lines 63-65). The environment can recognize

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(differentiate or discriminate), process and store secure and non-secure data (col. 80, lines 20-67);

- D. ("a secure processor executing the encrypted code when the validity of the encrypted code is verified according to the verifying information") ("a normal memory storing a code of a unsecured task; a unsecured processor executing the code of the unsecured task") -- The Examiner has takes official notice that the aspect of using a unsecured memory for unsecured tasks and a secure memory for secure tasks (memory allocation) is common knowledge in the art (See US 5734822, col. 15, lines 15-25 US 6081876 col. 2, lines 8-15 US 651162, col. 10, lines 53-67, col. 11, lines 1-8). The common knowledge or well-known in the art statement is taken to be admitted prior art because applicant either failed to traverse the examiner's assertion of official notice;
- E. ("discriminating between the secure task and the unsecured task") --The environment can recognize (differentiate or discriminate), process and store secure and non-secure data (col. 80, lines 20-67). It also manages allocation, deallocation, sharing and/or use of memory (col. 88, lines 63-65)- During the reply filed on 08 January 2007, applicant admitted that task allocation necessarily has the aspect discriminating (inherent). Applicant states the specification clearly states that the secure task management and the secure memory management allocate secure tasks and unsecured tasks. Therefore, the encrypted codes of the secure tasks are stored in the secure memory, and the codes of the unsecured tasks are stored in the unsecured memory. As allocation necessarily involves discriminating (otherwise, a

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determination cannot be made as to what tasks should be allocated to what memory),

Applicants respectfully submit that the claim term discriminating is fully supported by
the specification. Therefore, "allocating" and "discriminating" will be used
interchangeably-;

- F. ("storing the encrypted code of the secure task") -- Memories stores encrypted and unprotected content (column 21, lines 22-37);
- G. ("verifying information for verification of validity of the encrypted code in a secure memory"); ("allowing the secure processor to execute the encrypted code when the validity of the encrypted code is verified according to the verifying information") --Verifying information by enforcing hardware compartmentalization/allocation of the secure execution space (e.g., preventing/not allowing a less trusted task from modifying a more trusted task) (col. 69, lines 10-15);
- H. ("secure memory stores the encrypted code in units of physical memory allocation, stores the verifying information for the encrypted code in the units, and verifies the encrypted code in the units according to the verifying information, and the secure processor fetches, decrypts, and executes an encrypted instruction included in an encrypted code whose validity has been verified") --Content/software/program/code being stored in units of physical allocation memory (bytes) (column 68, line 51) and verified through the components of the multiprocessor system (column 125, lines 60-67);
- The system also uses digital/electronic signature to authenticate the communication of content (column 22, lines 5-10);

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J. ("a plurality of decryption keys, and decrypts the encrypted instruction using a specified decryption key in the plurality of decryption keys") -- Employing a plurality of encryption keys (column 21, lines 65-67, column 22, lines 1-10, column 49, lines 1-59), in an non-volatile memory (column 49, lines 9-12);

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- K. ("secure memory and said secure processor share a session key after mutual authentication") -- The aspects of using session keys (column 220, lines 20-21);
- L. ("a secure drive further encrypting the encrypted code using a unique key, and storing the encrypted code, wherein said secure drive and said secure memory share a session key after mutual authentication, said secure drive decrypts the encrypted code using the unique key at a read instruction from said controller, encrypts the code using the session key, and transfers the code to said secure memory") —System uses secure hardware (including drives) with a secure/trusted architecture (column 13, lines 5-25);
- M. ("at least parts of said secure memory and said unsecured memory overlap each other") -- The storing of secure and non-secure information can be stored in a single memory chip or overlapping each other (par. 63, lines 40-43);
- N. ("secure processor fixes at least a part of a logical circuit for executing an encrypted code in a circuit state in a non-volatile manner using the encrypted code.") -- The system uses a memory management unit to manage the execution space (column 69, lines 9-42);
- O. ("said secure processor erases a previous circuit state of the logical circuit, and newly overwrites the state.") --System teaches Electrically Erasable Programmable

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Read Only (EEPROM) (column 70, lines 66-67, column 71, lines 1-5) - Circuitry designed to "zeroize" memory may be included as an aspect of self-destruct processes (column 64, lines 30-31);

- 4. Ginter teaches a system that uses digital/electronic signature to authenticate the communication of content (column 22, lines 5-10). Ginter did not explicitly describe a method/system in which a code is generated by assigning a signature in units of a page. However, Bennet describes an invention which loads information into system memory from disk in fixed-length blocks or "pages" (generally ranging from 4K, for example, to up to 64K or more (C6, L34-36). This is also consistent with Microsoft Computer Dictionary's description of Paging as being: "n. A technique for implementing virtual memory. The virtual address space is divided into a number of fixed-size blocks called pages, each of which can be mapped onto any of the physical addresses available on the system. Special memory management hardware (MMU or PMMU) performs the address translation from virtual addresses to physical addresses".
- 5. Therefore, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to construct a system that would employ a method/system in which a code is generated by assigning a signature in units of a page. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to do so because it would allow hardware units to perform tasks related to accessing and managing memory used by different applications or by virtual-memory operating systems.

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Response to Arguments

 The United States Patent and Trademark Office has fully considered the applicant's arguments filed on 09 April 20086, but has not found those arguments to be persuasive.

Argument 1: Prior Art does not teach the aspects of assigning an electronic signature in units of a page

- P. Response 1: The prior art by Ginter teaches a system that uses digital/electronic signature to authenticate the communication of content (column 22, lines 5-10).
- Q. Ginter did not explicitly describe a method/system in which a code is generated by assigning a signature in units of a page. However, Bennet describes an invention in which loads information into system memory from disk in fixed-length blocks or "pages" (generally ranging from 4K, for example, to up to 64K or more (C6, L34-36). This is also consistent with Microsoft Computer Dictionary's description of Paging as being: "n. A technique for implementing virtual memory. The virtual address space is divided into a number of fixed-size blocks called pages, each of which can be mapped onto any of the physical addresses available on the system. Special memory management hardware (MMU or PMMU) performs the address translation from virtual addresses to physical addresses".
- R. Therefore, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to construct a system that would employ a method/system in which a code is generated by assigning a signature in units of a page. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to do so because it would allow hardware units to perform tasks related to

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accessing and managing memory used by different applications or by virtual-memory operating systems more efficiently.

Conclusion

- THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Any new ground(s) of rejection is due to the
 applicant's amendment. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in
 37 CFR 1.136(a).
- 8. A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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 Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to EVENS J. AUGUSTIN whose telephone number is 571-272-6860. The

examiner can normally be reached on 10am - 6pm M-F.

10. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

Andrew Fischer can be reached on (571)272-6779.

/Evens J. Augustin/

Evens J. Augustin July 12, 2008 Art Unit 3621